



# 2020 HALF-YEAR FINANCIAL REPORT



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The half-year business report and the condensed half-year consolidated financial statements included in this document were approved by the Board of Directors on August 25, 2020.



# 1. Composition of the Board of Directors as of June 30, 2020

#### Chairman of the Board of Directors

Olivier Roussat

#### **Directors**

Olivier Bouygues

Société Bouygues, permanent representative Pascal Grangé

Martine Gavelle (Independent director)

Colette Lewiner (Independent director)

Catherine Ronge (Independent director)

Arnauld Van Eeckhout

#### **Board of Directors' Committees**

#### **Audit Committee**

Société Bouygues (Committee Chair), represented by Pascal Grangé

Colette Lewiner

Catherine Ronge

#### **Selection and Compensation Committee**

Colette Lewiner (Chairperson)

Arnauld Van Eeckhout

#### **Ethics and Corporate Patronage Committee**

Arnaud Van Eeckhout (Chairperson)

Martine Gavelle

Colette Lewiner



# 2. Financial information - 1st half year 2020

With operations in more than fifty countries on five continents, Colas is a world leader in the construction and maintenance of transport infrastructure, whose mission is to promote to promote infrastructure solutions for sustainable mobility. Its three main activities are Roads, Construction Materials and Railways.

#### **Key Figures**

Consolidated key figures

Consolidated key lightes				
in millions of euros	H1 2019	H1 2020	Change	At constant scope and exchange rates
Consolidated revenue	5,834	4,870	-17%	-15%
of which France	3,071	2,236	-27%	-24%
of which International	2,763	2,634	-5%	-5%
Current operating profit	(136)	(304)	-168	
Current operating margin	-2.3%	-6.3%	-4.0 pts	
Operating profit	(136)	(349) (a)	-213	
Consolidated net profit attributable to the Group	(102)	(295)	-193	
Net debt (b)	1,544	1,065	-479	

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS 16 applicable since January 1, 2019.

(a) Including €45 million in non-current expenses related to the reorganization of the Group's road business in France and the continued dismantling of the Dunkirk site.

# Highlights of the half year

- New organization as of January 1, 2020
- Impact of the Covid-19 pandemic as of March 2020
- Acquisition of the assets of Granite Contracting LLC (asphalt mix production and road works) operating in North Carolina and South Carolina, USA (Annual revenue: \$50 million)
- Main order intakes:

<sup>(</sup>b) See definition in glossary on page 31



 Refurbishment of two sections of Interstate 80 in Pennsylvania, USA, for an amount of €58 million

- Replacement of the power lines for the Bukit-Panjang light rail line (LRT) in Singapore (1<sup>st</sup> contract in this country for Colas Rail), for an amount of €41 million
- Development of the Samuel de Champlain Promenade (phase 3) in Quebec City, Canada, for an amount of €39 million
- Refurbishment of a section of Dalton Highway in Alaska, USA, for an amount of €35 million
- Southern extension of line 14 of the Grand Paris metro, in France, for an amount of €35 million
- Road and civil engineering works on Highway 404 in Ontario, Canada, for an amount of €32 million

#### **Impact of the Covid-19 pandemic**

As expected, the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on Colas' business and results amplified during the 2nd quarter of 2020.

At constant scope and exchange rates, consolidated revenue was down 18% in the 2nd quarter (-29% in France) compared to -10% in the 1st quarter (-17% in France).

After a sharp decline in April, business resumed gradually, returning to normal levels in June. As the Covid-19 situation improved or stabilized, recovery was favored, exception made for the United States, the French Overseas Departments and Regions and the Indian Ocean.

For the 2nd quarter of 2020, the current operating profit was positive at €66 million, down €96 million from Q2 2019, compared to -€72 million in Q1 2020.

Finally, the health crisis slowed the filling of orders from the Group's backlog.

#### Seasonal nature of business activity

Due to the highly seasonal nature of the majority of the Group's businesses, operating losses are recorded each year during the 1st half year.

#### Activity by business segment

Consolidated revenue for the 1st half of 2020 amounted to  $\leq$ 4.9 billion, down 17% compared to the 1st half of 2019 (-15% at constant scope and exchange rates). In France, revenue amounted to  $\leq$ 2.3 billion (-27% and -24% at constant scope) and  $\leq$ 2.6 billion in the international units (-5% at constant scope and exchange rates).



The drop in revenue during the 1st half of 2020 due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic is estimated at around €810 million.

REVENUE BY BUSINESS SEGMENT (in millions of euros)	1 <sup>57</sup> HALF 2019	1 <sup>st</sup> HALF 2020	Change	Change at constant scope and exchange rates
Roads Mainland France / French Overseas-IO	2,766	2,101	-24%	-24%
Roads EMEA	921	916	-1%	+1%
Roads North America	1,169	1,130	-3%	-8%
Roads Asia Pacific	202	184	-9%	-11%
Total Roads	5,058	4,331	-14%	-15%
Railways and other Activities	762	534	-30%	-14%
Holding	14	5	ns	ns
TOTAL	5,834	4,870	-17%	-15%

#### Roads:

Revenue from the road segment amounted to  $\leq$ 4.3 billion in the 1st half of 2020, down 14% (-15% at constant scope and exchange rates).

In the Mainland and French Overseas/Indian Ocean zone, which was the most heavily impacted by the consequences of the Covid-19 pandemic, business is down 24% compared to the 1st half of 2019.

At constant scope and exchange rates, business is practically stable in the EMEA zone (+ 1%), while it is down 7% in the United States, 8% in Canada and 11% in the Asia-Pacific zone.

# Railways and other Activities:

Compared to the 1st half of 2019, revenue from Railways and other Activities is down 14% at constant scope and exchange rates. The contribution of Smac, which was deconsolidated in the 2nd quarter of 2019, amounted to €141 million in the 1st quarter of 2019.



#### **Production of materials**

Around the world, Colas is involved in large-scale production and recycling of construction materials, in particular aggregates, from an international network of 449 operating quarries and gravel pits, 151 emulsion plants, 526 mixing plants and 192 concrete plants. In the first half of 2020, the Group-share of sales amounted to 43 million tonnes of aggregates (-17% compared to the first half of 2019), 606,000 tonnes of binders and emulsions (-40%), 14 million tonnes of asphalt mix (-11%) and 1.2 million m3 of ready-mixed concrete (-15%). Colas has a major bitumen distribution business that is backed by 69 bitumen terminals.

#### Financial performance

**Current operating profit** for the 1st half of 2020 was -€304 million, down €168 million compared to the 1st half of 2019. In the 1st half of 2020, the impact of the health crisis on current operating profit was estimated at around -€190 million (loss of current operating margin and unavoidable costs).

1st half-year **operating profit** for 2020 amounted to -€349 million, including non-current expenses of €45 million pertaining to the reorganization of the road business in France and the continued dismantling of the Dunkirk site.

The **share of income from joint ventures and** *associates amounted* to €4 million at the end of June 2020 compared to €25 million at the end of June 2019, partly due to a decrease in results for Tipco Asphalt.

**Net profit attributable to the Group** came to -€295 million in the 1st half of 2020, down by €193 million compared to the 1st half of 2019.

Furthermore, the health crisis had no impact on the valuation of the Group's non-current assets as of June 30, 2020.

#### Net debt

Net debt at June 30, 2020 stood at €1,065 million, an improvement of €479 million compared to June 30, 2019, due to both the good performance of working capital requirements and a delay in the payment of dividends.

The payment in September of a dividend of €6.40 per share for the 2019 financial year will be proposed to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting on September 3, 2020.

#### Order backlog

The order backlog at the end of June 2020 remains high at €10.1 billion, up 1% restated for the main acquisitions and disposals and at constant exchange rates.



In mainland France, the order backlog (€3.6 billion) is down 1%, in line with the decrease in order intake for Mainland France Roads (impact of Covid-19 and municipal elections).

The order backlog for the international and French overseas units (€6.5 billion) is up 2%, restated for the main acquisitions and disposals and at constant exchange rates.

#### Outlook

Despite the widespread announcement of recovery plans and infrastructure plans, vigilance is needed as to the evolution of the Covid-19 pandemic and its impacts on markets and zones where Colas operates.

On the basis of data known to date and excluding additional unfavorable changes in the health crisis, the decline in revenue and current operating profit in the 2nd half of 2020 compared to 2019 should be significantly lower than in the 1st half.

Colas confirms that in 2020 it is setting targets for reducing its greenhouse gas emissions compatible with the Paris Agreement, and will communicate about the action plan to achieve these goals as well.

# 3. Risks, Disputes and Litigations

#### Risks

In early January 2020, the discovery of a new coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) was announced by the Chinese health authorities and the World Health Organization. The virus is actively circulating worldwide, which has led governments to take restrictive measures, notably lockdown orders in several countries.

While ensuring business continuity whenever possible, the Colas Group prioritizes the health of its employees, and it ensures that the measures are enforced.

Given how the virus is spreading around the world, there are still uncertainties about the duration and course of the pandemic, and possible health measures imposed by the public authorities concerned.

Nevertheless, the main risks and uncertainties that the Group could be confronted with during the second half of 2020 are of the same type and impact as those already presented in the 2019 annual report (pages 76 to 79).



#### Litigations

# HUNGARY: CASE BEFORE THE HUNGARIAN COMPETITION AUTHORITY AND ASSOCIATED CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES

Between 2004 and 2012, the Hungarian Competition Authority found that some ten Hungarian companies, including Colas subsidiaries, had infringed competition rules by engaging in price-fixing practices in relation to public works contracts. The penalties have been paid and all appeals have been rejected.

In the aftermath of these various decisions, claims for damages have been brought against certain Hungarian companies controlled by Colas subsidiaries in Hungarian courts by several companies alleging they were harmed by these price-fixing practices. The only case that is still ongoing concerns Colas' subsidiaries and the Hungarian government (M3 motorway).

#### FRANCE: URSSAF AUDITS

In late 2009, URSSAF (the French social security inspectorate) notified Colas of an adjustment related to the social security charge exemptions claimed under the TEPA and Fillon laws for the 2006-2008 fiscal years. URSSAF requested the payment of all social security contributions covered by these exemptions, from the very first euro, in the form of a lump-sum tax, on the grounds that the Group companies concerned had failed to supply the necessary information in support of these exemptions in electronic form. The submission of this information in electronic form was deemed mandatory by URSSAF, in its interpretation of the French Social Security Code. Colas and its subsidiaries consider that the conditions for lump-sum taxation as provided for under Article R.242-5 of the French Social Security Code are not met, as the supporting documents necessary for verification were submitted in paper form, and since the format in which these were supplied enabled them to be used. The amount attributable to this adjustment, including late payment penalties, is estimated at €63.8 million at June 30, 2020. This dispute has been referred to the Social Security courts.

# CANADA: TAX-RELATED DISPUTE PERTAINING TO TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CHARGED BY COLAS TO ITS SUBSIDIARY COLAS CANADA INC.

The Canada Revenue Agency is challenging the deductibility of technical assistance expenses invoiced by the Colas parent company to its subsidiary Colas Canada Inc. on the grounds that the amounts of these expenses are excessive and insufficiently documented. Notices of assessment for 2004 to 2007 challenging the full deductibility of expenses incurred were addressed through the out-of-court settlement procedure under the tax treaty between France and Canada. The French and Canadian authorities had agreed on a technical assistance rate very similar to the rate charged. For fiscal years 2008 to 2012, Colas Canada Inc. challenged the rate accepted by the Canada Revenue Agency via the out-



of-court settlement procedure. Notices of assessment were received for 2013 and 2014. Colas Canada Inc. will be challenging the rate accepted by the Canada Revenue Agency via the out-of-court settlement procedure. The tax audit at Colas Canada Inc. covering 2015 and 2016 is still ongoing. The total amount in question at June 30, 2020 is €14 million.

#### INTERNATIONAL: COMPLAINT FILED BY COLAS RAIL CONCERNING AN INTERNATIONAL PROJECT

In 2017, an internal audit and subsequent external investigation mandated by Colas subsidiary Colas Rail revealed that suspicious euro and local currency payments had been made to local consultants by a foreign subsidiary of Colas Rail. In response to this unacceptable state of affairs, Colas Rail filed a complaint in France. The consultants in question had their contracts terminated and all payments blocked. By agreement with the customer, Colas Rail transferred the construction contract, without any significant financial impact on Colas Group. The investigation following the complaint filed by Colas Rail is ongoing. Colas Rail and Colas will be cooperating fully with the judicial authorities. The Group immediately took disciplinary action and tightened its internal control framework and compliance approach.



4. Condensed consolidated financial statements for the  $\mathbf{1}^{\text{st}}$  half year 2020



Société anonyme with capital of €48,981,748.50
Registered office: 1 rue du Colonel Pierre Avia – 75015 Paris - France
Registered number: R.C.S. Paris 552 025 314 A.P.E. Code: 4211Z
Financial year from January 1 through December 31, 2020

# Condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2020

Consolidated balance sheet

Consolidated income statement

Consolidated statement of recognized income and expense

Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Consolidated cash flow statement

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

# Consolidated balance sheet

(€ million)	Note	06/30/2020	12/31/2019	06/30/2019
Property, plant and equipment	3.1	2,460	2,578	2,554
Right of use of leased assets		394	408	386
Intangible assets	3.2	202	211	211
Goodwill	3.3	709	694	682
Investments in joint ventures and associates	3.4	396	422	407
Other non-current financial assets	3.2.5	168	169	193
Deferred tax assets		186	145	145
Non-current assets		4,515	4,627	4,578
Inventories		762	675	819
Advances and down-payments made on orders		68	71	92
Trade receivables		2,592	2,596	2,970
Customer contract assets		925	688	989
Current tax assets		66	49	104
Other current receivables and prepaid expenses		846	743	892
Cash and cash equivalents		341	488	350
Financial instruments – Hedging of debt		11	11	11
Other current financial assets		1	1	2
Current assets		5,612	5,322	6,229
Held-for-sale assets and operations		0,012	0,022	0,220
Total assets		10,127	9,949	10,807
Share capital		49	49	49
Share premium and reserves		2,740	2,502	2,526
Translation reserve		20	73	46
Treasury shares		(3)	(3)	(3)
Net profit/(loss) attributable to the Group		(295)	261	(102)
Shareholders' equity attributable to the Group		2,511	2,882	2,516
Non-controlling interests		24	27	26
Shareholders' equity	4	2,535	2,909	2,542
Non-current debt	6	582	431	1,065
Non-current lease obligations		323	335	327
Non-current provisions	5.1	893	857	779
Deferred tax liabilities		116	117	124
Non-current liabilities		1,914	1,740	2,295
Current debt	6	31	36	49
Current lease obligations		91	93	80
Current tax liabilities		42	95	41
Trade payables		2,034	2,114	2,385
Customer contract liabilities		834	863	915
Current provisions	5.2	339	323	263
Other current liabilities		1,501	1,375	1,445
Overdrafts and short-term bank borrowings	6	792	387	779
Financial instruments – Hedging of debt		12	12	12
Other current financial liabilities		2	2	1
Current liabilities		5,678	5,300	5,970
Liabilities related to held-for-sale operations				
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		10,127	9,949	10,807
Not curplue each//pet debt)	79	(4.005)	(207)	(A E 4 4)
Net surplus cash/(net debt)	7	(1,065)	(367)	(1,544)

# Consolidated income statement

(€ million)	Note	H1 2020	H1 2019	FY 2019
Sales (1)	8	4,870	5,834	13,688
Purchases used in production		(2,178)	(2,706)	(6,376)
Personnel costs		(1,659)	(1,774)	(3,580)
External charges		(1,159)	(1,373)	(2,930)
Taxes other than income tax		(89)	(88)	(161)
Net depreciation and amortization expense on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		(186)	(195)	(462)
Net amortization expense on right of use of leased assets		(47)	(42)	(90)
Charges to provisions and impairment losses, net of reversals due to utilization		(17)	(19)	(151)
Change in production inventories		(5)	3	1
Other income from operations (2)		228	282	647
Other expenses on operations		(62)	(58)	(153)
Current operating profit/(loss)	9	(304)	(136)	433
Other operating income	9			
Other operating expenses	9	(45)		(28)
Operating profit/(loss)	9	(349)	(136)	405
Financial income		6	6	18
Financial expenses		(21)	(21)	(51)
Cost of net debt		(15)	(15)	(33)
Interest expense on lease obligations		(7)	(8)	(15)
Other financial income		2	5	22
Other financial expenses		(1)	(1)	(20)
Income tax	10	71	26	(141)
Share of net profits/(losses) of joint ventures and associates		4	25	43
Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations		(295)	(104)	261
Net profit/(loss) from discontinued and held-for-sale operations				
Net profit/(loss) attributable to the Group		(295)	(102)	261
Net profit/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interests			(2)	
Basic earnings per share from continuing operations (€)		(9.03)	(3.14)	7.99
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (€)		(9.03)	(3.14)	7.99
1) of which sales generated outside France		2,634	2,763	7,092
2) of which reversals of unused provisions and impairment		25	41	99

# Consolidated statement of recognized income and expense

Net profit/(loss)		(295)	(104)	261
Items not reclassifiable to profit or loss				
Actuarial gains/(losses) on post-employment benefits	13	(29)	(6)	(36)
Net tax effect of items not reclassifiable to profit or loss		6	2	8
Items reclassifiable to profit or loss				
Translation adjustments		(43)	32	54
Remeasurement of hedging assets				
Net tax effect of items reclassifiable to profit or loss				
Share of reclassifiable income and expense of joint ventures and associates		(10)	3	8
Income and expense recognized directly in equity		(76)	31	34
Total recognized income and expense		(371)	(73)	295
Total recognized income and expense attributable to the Group		(371)	(71)	295
Total recognized income and expense attributable to non- controlling interests			(2)	

# Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

(€ million)	Share capital Share premium	Reserves related to capital/ retained earnings	Consolidated reserves and profit/(loss) for period	Treasury shares	Items recognized directly in equity	Total attributable to the Group	Non- controlling interests	Total
Position at 12/31/2018 - restated (1)	455	633	1,724	(3)	(41)	2,768	29	2,797
Movements in the first half of 2019								
Net profit/(loss)			(102)			(102)	(2)	(104)
Translation adjustments			, , , ,		35	35	\_/	35
Other recognized income and expense					(4)	(4)		(4)
Total recognized income and expense			(400)				(2)	2-312-22-2
(2)			(102)		31	(71)	(2)	(73)
Capital and reserves transactions, net		205	(205)					
Acquisitions/disposals of treasury shares			, , , , ,					
Acquisitions/disposals without change of control								
Dividend paid			(181)			(181)	(2)	(183)
Share-based payment			, , ,			, ,	, ,	, ,
Other transactions (changes in scope of consolidation and other items)							1	1
Position at 06/30/2019	455	838	1,236	(3)	(10)	2,516	26	2,542
Movements in the second half of 2019								
Net profit/(loss)			363			363	2	365
Translation adjustments					27	27		27
Other recognized income and expense					(24)	(24)		(24)
Total recognized income and expense			200					
(2)			363		3	366	2	368
Capital and reserves transactions, net								
Acquisitions/disposals of treasury shares								
Acquisitions/disposals without change of control								
Dividend paid								
Share-based payment								
Other transactions (changes in scope of consolidation and other items)							(1)	(1)
Position at 12/31/2019	455	838	1,599	(3)	(7)	2,882	27	2,909
Movements in the first half of 2020								
Net profit/(loss)			(295)			(295)		(295)
Translation adjustments (3)			, , ,		(53)	(53)		(53)
Other recognized income and expense					(23)	(23)		(23)
Total recognized income and expense			(005)			, ,		
(2)			(295)		(76)	(371)		(371)
Capital and reserves transactions, net		210	(210)					
Acquisitions/disposals of treasury shares								
Acquisitions/disposals without change of control								
Dividend paid							(3)	(3)
Share-based payment								
Other transactions (changes in scope of consolidation and other items)								
Position at 06/30/2020	455	1,048	1,094	(3)	(83)	2,511	24	2,535

<sup>(1)</sup> Shareholders' equity as of December 31, 2018 has been restated for the effects of applying IFRS 16.

#### (3) Change in translation reserve:

	Group	Non- controlling interests	Total
Companies controlled by the Group	(43)		(43)
Investments in joint ventures and associates	(10)		(10)
Total	(53)		(53)

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to the consolidated statement of recognized income and expense.

# Consolidated cash flow statement

<ul> <li>Cash flow from continuing operations</li> <li>(€ million)</li> </ul>	H1 2020	H1 2019	FY 2019
Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations	(295)	(104)	261
Adjustments:			
Share of profits/losses reverting to joint ventures and associates, net of dividends received	24	(7)	(13)
Dividends from non-consolidated companies	(1)	(2)	(3)
Net charges to/(reversals of) depreciation, amortization and impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets and non-current provisions	194	169	474
Net charges to amortization and impairment expense and other adjustments to right of use of leased assets	47	42	89
Gains and losses on asset disposals	(14)	(30)	(53)
Income taxes, including uncertain tax positions	(71)	(26)	141
Income taxes paid	(34)	(60)	(110)
Other non-cash income and expenses		(2)	(6)
Cash flow after cost of net debt, interest expense on lease obligations and ncome taxes paid	(150)	(20)	780
Reclassification of cost of net debt and interest expense on lease obligations	22	23	48
Changes in working capital related to operating activities (including current impairment and provisions)	(334)	(595)	(30)
Net cash generated by/(used in) operating activities (a)	(462)	(592)	798
Purchase price of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(102)	(123)	(408)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	30	26	87
Net liabilities related to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(71)	(100)	(16)
Sub-total	(143)	(197)	(337)
Acquisitions and disposals of non-consolidated companies and other investments:	(140)	(107)	(001)
Purchase price of non-consolidated companies and other investments	(1)	(2)	(1)
Proceeds from disposals of non-consolidated companies and other investments	(1)	(2)	2
Net amount receivable/(payable) on acquisitions and disposals of non-consolidated companies and other			
nvestments Sub-total	(1)	(2)	1
Acquisitions and disposals of consolidated activities:	(1)	(2)	
Purchase price of consolidated activities	(38)	(38)	(57)
Proceeds from disposals of consolidated activities	(55)	22	24
Net amount receivable/(payable) on acquisitions and disposals of consolidated activities		(1)	(2)
Cash of acquired or divested companies	3	(4)	(7)
Sub-total Sub-total	(35)	(21)	(42)
Other cash flows related to investing activities: changes in loans, dividends received rom non-consolidated companies	(3)	4	33
Net cash generated by/(used in) investing activities (b)	(182)	(216)	(345)
Capital increases/(reductions) paid by shareholders and non-controlling interests and other transactions between shareholders	1	()	(-3.2)
Dividends paid to shareholders of the parent company		(181)	(181)
Dividends paid by consolidated companies to non-controlling interests	(3)	(2)	(2)
Change in current and non-current debt	168	548	(117)
Repayment of lease obligations	(47)	(41)	(88)
Cost of net debt and interest expense on lease obligations	(22)	(23)	(48)
Other cash flows related to financing activities	(22)	(20)	(40)
Net cash generated by/(used in) financing activities (c)	97	301	(436)
Effect of foreign exchange fluctuations (d)	(5)	3	9
Change in net cash position (a+b+c+d)	(552)	(504)	26
let cash position at start of period	101	75	75
Net cash flows	(552)	(504)	26
Non-monetary flows			
Cash flows related to held-for-sale assets			
Net cash position at end of period	(451)	(429)	101
I – Cash flows related to discontinued and held-for-sale operations			
let cash position at start of period		(1)	
let cash flows		1	
Net cash position at end of period			

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements

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#### **NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS**

#### 1.1 - Significant events of the first half of 2020

#### Consequences of the Covid-19 pandemic

From March 2020 onwards, the Colas group has been significantly impacted by the Covid-19 pandemic, as well as the government measures announced in response (in particular, the lockdown imposed on the French population from March 16) and the resulting economic crisis. The impacts on the Group were described in press releases issued on March 25, April 1 and May 14, 2020.

Impact of the pandemic on Colas group operations

At Group level, despite the flexibility measures deployed, the sudden drop in activity levels led to costs being incurred that were non-productive because they could not be adjusted in the same time-frame. This had an impact on first-half results, as did the extra costs incurred to ensure that on-site employees were safe from any health risks.

Reduced activity levels affected the Colas group's operating segments to varying degrees. The shutdown of all worksites and production facilities in France from March 17 primarily affected the Roads France-OD/IO segment, followed (to a lesser extent) by Rail and other operations (see Note 11.2).

In France, after picking up gradually from mid-April, June 2020 activity levels were back in line with those of June 2019, as they also were across the rest of the Group.

#### Other financial impacts

The Colas Board of Directors announced in a press release on April 1, 2020 that it had decided to withdraw the proposal to ask the Annual General Meeting of April 22, 2020 to distribute a dividend, and that it would meet during the summer to review the situation and to assess the feasibility of proposing a dividend payout in respect of the 2019 financial year. On July 27, in light of an improvement in the situation and of the Group's cash resources, the Board decided to call a General Meeting of the shareholders for September 3, with a view to proposing a dividend of €6.40 per share in respect of the 2019 financial year.

In a press release issued on March 25, the Colas group informed the market of the suspension of all the objectives announced when its 2019 full-year results were published.

In a further press release issued on April 1, the Colas group announced that the ongoing crisis would have a substantial impact on its 2020 full-year results, and that consequently its objectives for 2020 could not be met.

The Group also decided not to defer payments on account of corporate income taxes or social security contributions.

Impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on current operating profit

The impact of the Covid-19 crisis, and its repercussions for the Colas group's 2020 first-half performance, are estimated at a reduction of approximately €810 million in sales between the end of March and the end of May.

That loss of sales generated a shortfall of approximately €190 million at current operating profit level, due to loss of operating margin and unavoidable costs.

#### 1.2 - Significant events of the first half of 2019

#### Sale of Smac

On February 14, 2019, Colas announced that it had signed an agreement to sell Smac to a subsidiary of OpenGate Capital. In accordance with IFRS 5, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", the assets and liabilities of the Smac sub-group were presented in a separate line item within the balance sheet as of December 31, 2018.

Effective completion of the transaction occurred on May 20, 2019 after all the conditions precedent had been fulfilled, in particular approval from the competition authorities. This divestment reduced sales by approximately €600 million on an annual basis, and did not have a material impact on the operating profit of Colas in 2019.

On April 1, 2019 Colas Polska, the Polish subsidiary of Colas, completed the acquisition of part of Skanska's asphalt operations in Poland.

#### 1.3 - Significant events and changes in scope of consolidation subsequent to June 30, 2020

The Group is not aware of any significant events subsequent to the end of the reporting period.

#### NOTE 2. GROUP ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 – Declaration of compliance

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Colas and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the six months ended June 30, 2020 were prepared in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", a standard issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by the European Union. Because they are condensed, these financial statements do not include all the information required under the standards issued by the IASB, and should be read in conjunction with the full-year financial statements of the Colas group for the year ended December 31, 2019.

They were prepared in accordance with the standards issued by the IASB as endorsed by the European Union and applicable as of June 30, 2020. Those standards (collectively referred to as "IFRS") comprise International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), International Accounting Standards (IASs), and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee – previously the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), itself the successor body to the Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC). The Group has not early adopted as of June 30, 2020 any standard or interpretation not endorsed by the European Union.

Unless otherwise indicated, the financial statements are presented in millions of euros, the currency in which the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated; they comprise the balance sheet, the income statement, the statement of recognized income and expense, the statement of changes in shareholders' equity, the cash flow statement, and the notes to the financial statements.

#### 2.2 - Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Colas group include the financial statements of Colas SA and its subsidiaries, and its investments in joint ventures, associates and joint operations.

They were closed off by the Board of Directors on August 25, 2020.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020 were prepared in accordance with IFRS using the historical cost convention, except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value where this is required under IFRS. They include comparatives with the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Accounting policies specific to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- Income taxes of consolidated entities for interim periods are assessed in accordance with IAS 34: the income taxes of each entity for the period are recognized on the basis of the best estimate of the average annual effective income tax rate for the financial year (except in the case of holding companies, which recognize income taxes on the basis of the actual tax position at the end of the period).
- Employee benefit expenses for interim periods are recognized pro rata based on the estimated expense for the full year, calculated using the actuarial assumptions and projections applied as of December 31, 2019 with the exception of (i) discount rates and (ii) the value of plan assets, both of which have been revised as of June 30, 2020 (see Note 13).

#### 2.3 New accounting standards and interpretations

The Colas group applied the same standards, interpretations and accounting policies as of June 30, 2020 as were applied in its consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, except for changes required to meet new IFRS requirements applicable from January 1, 2020 (see below).

Principal amendments effective within the European Union and mandatorily applicable from January 1, 2020:

- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7

On September 26, 2019, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 (phase 1) in connection with the reform of interest rate benchmarks. Those amendments were endorsed by the European Union on January 16, 2020, and are applicable retrospectively from January 1, 2020.

The impact of the amendments on the Group is immaterial.

- Amendments to IFRS 3

On October 22, 2018, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 3 to clarify the definition of a "business" in a business combination. Those amendments were endorsed by the European Union on April 21, 2020, and apply to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020.

The impact of the amendments on the Group is immaterial.

#### 2.4 - Financial indicators

#### 2.4.1 EBITDA after Leases

"EBITDA after Leases" is defined as current operating profit/loss after taking account of interest expense on lease obligations, before (i) net depreciation and amortization expense on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, (ii) net charges to provisions and impairment losses, and (iii) effects of acquisitions of control or losses of control. Those effects relate to the impact of remeasuring previously-held interests or retained interests.

"Other income from operations" and "Other expenses from operations", which are a component of current operating profit/loss, mainly comprise (i) net foreign exchange differences on commercial transactions; (ii) gains and losses on disposals of non-current assets; (iii) profits and losses from joint operations; (iv) royalties from the licensing of patents; and (v) revenue from sales of raw materials (bitumen) to asphalt and emulsion entities in the form of sociétés en participation (SEPs) or economic interest groupings that subsequently sell the asphalt and emulsion back to Colas.

Profits and losses from joint operations represent the Group's share of profits or losses from non-consolidated companies (SEPs, etc.), for example those that operate asphalt and binder production facilities.

#### 2.4.2 Net debt/Net surplus cash

Net debt (or net surplus cash) is obtained by aggregating the following items:

- cash and cash equivalents;
- overdrafts and short-term bank borrowings.
- non-current and current debt;
- financial instruments (used to hedge financial liabilities measured at fair value).

Net debt/net surplus cash does not include non-current and current lease obligations.

A positive figure represents net surplus cash and a negative figure represents net debt.

#### 2.4.3 Free cash flow

Free cash flow is defined as net cash flow (determined after (i) cost of net debt, (ii) interest expense on lease obligations and (iii) income taxes paid), minus net capital expenditure and repayments of lease obligations. It is calculated before changes in working capital requirements related to operating activities.

#### 2.4.4 Changes in working capital requirements related to operating activities

"Changes in working capital requirements related to operating activities" represents the net change in current assets and current liabilities excluding (i) income taxes; (ii) receivables and liabilities related to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets; (iii) net cash and cash equivalents and current debt; (iv) current lease obligations; and (v) financial instruments used to hedge financial liabilities.

#### 2.5 - Seasonal fluctuations

Sales and operating profit are subject to strong seasonal fluctuations due to low activity levels during the first half as a result of weather conditions. The extent of those fluctuations varies from year to year; in 2020, the effect has been amplified by the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic (see Note 1.1). In accordance with IFRS, sales for interim accounting periods are recognized on the same basis as full-year sales.

#### **NOTE 3. NON-CURRENT ASSETS**

#### 3.1 Property, plant and equipment

	Land and buildings	Plant, equipment and tooling	PP&E under construction and advance payments	TOTAL
Carrying amount				
June 30, 2019	1,082	1,385	87	2,554
December 31, 2019	1,080	1,377	121	2,578
June 30, 2020	1,052	1,308	100	2,460

#### 3.2 Intangible assets

	Concessions, patents and other rights	Other items	Total
June 30, 2019	94	117	211
December 31, 2019	92	119	211
June 30, 2020	88	114	202

#### 3.3 - Goodwill

#### 3.3.1 - Movement in the carrying amount of goodwill in the period

	Carrying amount
December 31, 2019	694
Changes in scope of consolidation	23
Impairment losses charged during the period	
Other movements (including translation adjustments)	(8)
June 30, 2020	709

Changes in scope of consolidation during the period relate to goodwill of €10 million arising on the activities of Granite Contracting LLC, acquired by Reeves Construction Company (a US subsidiary of Colas), and to goodwill arising on acquisitions of activities in the Czech Republic (€8 million), Africa (€3 million) and Latin America (€2 million).

Other movements mainly comprise negative translation adjustments in Canada (€6 million) and the United Kingdom (€2 million).

The Colas group has not made any major acquisitions since January 1, 2019.

#### 3.3.2 - Impairment of indefinite-lived intangible assets and goodwill

As of December 31, 2019, goodwill was tested for impairment using recoverable amounts determined on the basis of three-year cash flow projections corresponding to the business plans of each cash generating unit.

Indefinite-lived intangible assets and goodwill by CGU, and the main assumptions used in impairment testing, were as follows:

Cash Generating Units as of December 31, 2019	Goodwill	Indefinite-lived intangible assets	Growth rate	Disco rat	
				Scenario 1(1)	Scenario 2 (1)
Roads France	159	20	2%	5.70%	5.38%
Roads Europe (excluding France)	24		2%	5.70%	5.38%
Roads North America	225	21	2%	5.70%	5.38%
Roads Rest of the World	36		2%	5.70%	5.38%
Other activities	1		2%	5.70%	5.38%
Rail	249		2%	5.70%	5.38%
Total	694	41			

<sup>(1)</sup> Depending on the capital structure: 1/3 debt - 3/3 equity (scenario 1); 3/3 debt - 1/3 equity (scenario 2).

In the first half of 2020, the Covid-19 health crisis caused a decline in the Group's output (shutdown of worksites) which adversely affected its operating performance (see Note 1.1). Combined with a fall in share prices, this constitutes an indication of potential impairment as of June 30, 2020.

Consequently, the business plan prepared at the end of 2019 was reviewed at the end of June 2020 to simulate the consequences of the ongoing crisis (such as can be estimated at this stage) for cash flow projections for the 2020-2022 period.

The value of goodwill as of June 30, 2020 was assessed on the basis of this simulation of future cash flows using the same method as was applied by the Group at the end of 2019, as described in Note 2.7 to the 2019 full-year consolidated financial statements.

Indefinite-lived intangible assets and goodwill by CGU (based on the new operational structure of the Colas group, see Note 11), and the main assumptions used in impairment testing, were as follows as of June 30, 2020:

Cash Generating Units as of June 30, 2020	Goodwill	Indefinite-lived intangible assets	Growth rate	Disco rate	
				Scenario 1(1)	Scenario 2 (1)
Roads France-OD/IO	167	21	2%	7.98%	7.46%
Roads Europe-Middle East-Africa	35		2%	7.98%	7.46%
Roads United States	77		2%	7.98%	7.46%
Roads Canada	152	20	2%	7.98%	7.46%
Roads Asia-Pacific	29		2%	7.98%	7.46%
Rail	248		2%	7.98%	7.46%
Water & Energy Networks	1		2%	7.98%	7.46%
Total	709	41			

<sup>(1)</sup> Depending on the capital structure: 1/2 debt - 1/3 equity (scenario 1); 1/3 debt - 1/3 equity (scenario 2).

Sensitivity analyses for the key assumptions (discount rate, growth rate and normative cash flows) were updated to June 30, 2020. As was the case at end December 2019, there is no reasonably possible scenario that would cause the recoverable amount of any of the CGUs to fall below its carrying amount. For each CGU, the recoverable amount would equal the carrying amount of the assets tested if the assumptions shown below were to be applied:

Cash Generating Units as of June 30, 2020	"Breakeven' discount rate		
Roads France-OD/IO	13.3%		
Roads Europe-Middle East-Africa	14.8%		
Roads United States	11.8%		
Roads Canada	10.4%		
Roads Asia-Pacific	9.9%		
Rail	9.5%		
Water & Energy Networks	35.7%		

#### 3.4 - Investments in joint ventures and associates

An analysis by business segment of the share of net profits/losses of joint ventures and associates is provided in Note 11.

	Carrying amount
December 31, 2019	422
Share of net profits/(losses) for the period	4
Translation adjustments	(10)
Other income and expense recognized directly in equity	
Net profit/(loss) and other recognized income and expense	(6)
Changes in scope of consolidation	1
Other movements (dividends, etc.)	(21)
June 30, 2020	396

The share of net profits for the first half of 2020 mainly comprises a profit of €8 million from Tipco Asphalt and a loss of €4 million from TGBV.

Translation adjustments relate primarily to subsidiaries of Colas Canada (-€2 million) and to Tipco Asphalt (-€3 million).

#### 3.5 - Non-current financial assets

	Non- consolidated companies	Other financial assets	Total gross value	Impairment	Carrying amount
June 30, 2019	35	165	200	(7)	193
December 31, 2019	30	142	172	(3)	169
June 30, 2020	76	141	217	(49)	168

#### NOTE 4. CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### 4.1 - Share capital of Colas SA (€)

The share capital of Colas as of June 30, 2020 was €48,981,748.50.

It consists of 32,654,499 shares with a par value of €1.50, all ranking equally (although registered shares held by the same shareholder for more than two years carry double voting rights).

#### 4.2 - Movements during the period

No change since January 1, 2020.

#### NOTE 5. NON-CURRENT AND CURRENT PROVISIONS

#### 5.1 - Non-current provisions

	Long-term employee benefits	Litigation and claims	Warranties (long term)	Site rehabilitation (long term)	Other non- current provisions	Total
June 30, 2019	363	172	54	159	31	779
December 31, 2019	396	182	58	173	48	857
Translation adjustments	(4)		(2)	(2)		(8)
Changes in scope of consolidation						
Charges to provisions	19	6	5	14	3	47
Reversals of provisions (used or unused) (1)	(12)	(11)	(3)	(7)	(5)	(38)
Actuarial gains and losses (2)	33					33
Transfers and other movements					2	2
June 30, 2020	432	177	58	178	48	893

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes reversals of unused provisions in the first half of 2020: €7m.

#### Analysis of principal provisions:

	06/30/2020	12/31/2019	06/30/2019
Long service awards	86	85	84
Lump-sum retirement benefits	217	220	209
Pensions	129	91	70
Long-term employee benefits	432	396	363
Disputes with customers	39	41	40
Disputes with employees	21	21	19
Disputes with social security bodies	87	86	83
Disputes with tax authorities	2	5	5
Disputes with other official bodies	2	2	
Other disputes	26	27	25
Litigation and claims	177	182	172

#### 5.2 - Current provisions

	Expected losses to completion	Project risks and project completion	Warranties (short term)	Site rehabilitation (short term)	Other current provisions	Total
June 30, 2019	87	70	37	10	59	263
December 31, 2019	111	80	35	11	86	323
Translation adjustments		(1)	(1)		(1)	(3)
Changes in scope of consolidation						
Charges to provisions	28	8	2	1	48	87
Reversals of provisions (used or unused) (1)	(29)	(14)	(3)		(20)	(66)
Transfers and other movements		(1)	(1)			(2)
June 30, 2020	110	72	32	12	113	339

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes reversals of unused provisions in the first half of 2020: €16m.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes actuarial gains of €42m on provisions for pensions, and actuarial losses of €9m on provisions for lump-sum retirement benefits; see Note 13.

#### NOTE 6. NON-CURRENT AND CURRENT DEBT (EXCLUDING LEASE OBLIGATIONS)

#### 6.1 - Breakdown of debt

	06/30/2020	12/31/2019	06/30/2019
Medium/long-term borrowings	581	426	1,060
Other long term debt	1	5	5
Non-current debt	582	431	1,065
Current portion of borrowings	31	36	49
Overdrafts and short-term bank borrowings	792	387	779
Current debt	823	423	828

#### 6.2 - Confirmed credit facilities and drawdowns

As of December 31, 2019, confirmed facilities amounted to €2,801 million, of which €467 million was drawn down. As of June 30, 2020, confirmed credit facilities and drawdowns were as follows:

Confirmed facilities - Maturity				Drawdowns - Maturity			y
Less than 1	1 to 5 years	More than 5	Total	Less than 1	1 to 5 years	More than 5	Total
81	2,871	35	2,988	31	547	35	613
	Less than 1 year	Less 1 to 5 than 1 years year	Less 1 to 5 More than 1 years than 5 year years	Less 1 to 5 More Total than 1 years than 5 years	Less 1 to 5 More Total Less than 1 years than 5 than 1 years years year	Less 1 to 5 More Total Less 1 to 5 than 1 years than 5 than 1 years year year	Less 1 to 5 More Total Less 1 to 5 More than 1 years than 5 year years year years

Undrawn confirmed credit facilities amounted to €2,375 million as of June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 7. CHANGE IN NET DEBT

	12/31/2019	Cash flows	Changes in scope of consolidation	Translation adjustments	Fair value adjust- ments	Other impacts	06/30/2020	06/30/2019
Cash and cash equivalents	488	(163)	11	(10)		15	341	350
Overdrafts and short-term bank borrowings	(387)	(387)	(8)	5		(15)	(792)	(779)
Net cash position (A)	101	(550)	3	(5)			(451)	(429)
Non-current debt (1)	431	175		(18)		(6)	582	1,065
Current debt (1)	36	(7)				2	31	49
Financial instruments, net	1						1	1
Total debt (B)	468	168		(18)		(4)	614	1,115
Net surplus cash/(net debt) (A) – (B) (2)	(367)	(718)	3	13		4	(1,065)	(1,544)

#### (1) Analysis of cash flows impacting debt:

	Increases	Decreases	Cash flows
Non-current debt	469	(294)	175
Current debt	5	(12)	(7)

<sup>(2)</sup> See Note 2.4.2.

#### **NOTE 8. SALES**

See Note 11 for an analysis by operating segment. An analysis of sales by type of revenue is provided below.

	H1 2020	H1 2019
Sales of goods	868	1,078
Sales of services	164	195
Construction contracts	3,838	4,561
Sales	4,870	5,834

#### NOTE 9. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

	114 0000	H4 2040	
	H1 2020	H1 2019	
Current operating profit/(loss)	(304)	(136)	
Other operating income	-	-	
Other operating expenses	(45)	-	
Operating profit/(loss)	(349)	(136)	

See Note 11 for an analysis of operating profit/loss by operating segment.

An estimate of the impacts of the Covid-19 crisis at current operating profit level is provided in Note 1.1.

Other operating income and expenses for the first half of 2020 mainly comprise provisions recognized to cover additional dismantling costs at the Dunkirk refinery and the consequences of the reorganization of the Roads business in France.

#### NOTE 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

#### Analysis of income tax expense/gain

	H1 2020	H1 2019
Tax payable to the tax authorities	38	26
Deferred taxes	37	2
Back taxes, tax reliefs and dividend taxes	(4)	(2)
Income tax gain/(expense), net	71	26

#### NOTE 11. SEGMENT INFORMATION & OTHER FINANCIAL INDICATORS

IFRS 8, "Operating segments", requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports that are reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance.

#### 11.1 - Determination of operating segments

Effective January 1, 2020, the organizational structure was changed, in order to develop transverse working and unlock synergies within the Group. As a result, the Group's operating segments were redefined as follows:

- Roads France-OD/IO: consists of the Roads business and Road Safety & Signaling activities in France, the French overseas departments and the Indian Ocean;.
- Roads EMEA (Europe-Middle East-Africa): consists of the Roads business in Europe (excluding France), the Middle East and Africa;
- Roads United States: consists of the Roads business in the United States;
- Roads Canada: consists of the Roads business in Canada;
- Roads Asia-Pacific: consists of the Roads business in Asia, Oceania and Latin America;
- Rail and Other Activities: consists of the Group's Rail and Water & Energy Networks activities in France and internationally;
- Holding company: consists of activities carried out at Colas corporate headquarters.

Operating segment information is compiled using the same accounting policies as are used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, as described in the notes to the financial statements.

#### 11.2 - Information by operating segment

	Roads France- OD/IO	Roads EMEA	Roads USA	Roads Canada	Roads Asia- Pacific	Rail & Other Activities	Holding company	Smac	Colas group
H1 2020									
Sales	2,101	916	674	456	184	534	5	-	4,870
Operating profit/(loss)	(163)	(25)	(44)	(59)	1	(34)	(25)	-	(349)
Interest expense on lease obligations	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)		(1)	(1)	-	(7)
Share of net profits/(losses) of joint ventures and associates	(5)	(2)	(1)	1	11			-	4
Net profit/(loss) attributable to the Group	(131)	(32)	(36)	(43)	11	(39)	(25)	-	(295)
H1 2019 (1) (2)									
Sales	2,766	921	675	494	202	621	14	141	5,834
Operating profit/(loss)		(26)	(35)	(79)	5	(9)	11	(2)	(136)
Interest expense on lease obligations	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)		(2)	(1)		(8)
Share of net profits/(losses) of joint ventures and associates	4		(1)	1	20				25
Net profit attributable to the Group	(3)	(28)	(30)	(59)	22	(11)	8	(3)	(104)

#### 11.3 - Other indicators

	H1 2020	H1 2019
Current operating profit/(loss)	(304)	(136)
Interest expense on lease obligations	(7)	(8)
Elimination of net depreciation and amortization expense and net charges to provisions and impairment losses		
Net depreciation and amortization expense on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	186	195
Charges to provisions and impairment losses, net of reversals due to utilization	17	19
Elimination of items included in other income from operations		
Reversals of impairment losses and of unused provisions & other items	(25)	(41)
EBITDA after Leases: H1	(133)	29

	H1 2020	H1 2019	FY 2019
Cash flow after cost of net debt, interest expense on lease obligations and income taxes paid (I)	(150)	(257)	780
Acquisitions of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets, net of disposals (II)	(72)	(27)	(321)
Change in current and non-current lease obligations (III)	(47)	(20)	(88)
Free cash flow (IV) = (I) + (II) + (III)	(269)	(304)	371
Changes in working capital related to operating activities (including current impairment) (V)	(334)	(183)	(30)
Free cash flow after changes in working capital requirements (IV) + (V)	(603)	(487)	341

#### NOTE 12. OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS

There has been no material change in off balance sheet commitments since December 31, 2019.

<sup>(1)</sup> Segment information for the first half of 2019 is presented using the new operating segment structure as defined above.(2) H1 2019 figures include the contribution from the Smac group (sold in May 2019, see Note 1.2) to Colas group profits for Q1 only.

#### NOTE 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

	Lump-sum retirement benefits		Pension	5
	H1 2020	H1 2019	H1 2020	H1 2019
Net liability recognized as of January 1	220	198	76	53
(Gain)/expense for the period (1)	6	5		(1)
Translation adjustments			(3)	1
Actuarial gains and losses recognized in equity (2)	(9)	6	38	
Net liability recognized as of June 30	217	209	111	53
of which non-current provisions	217	209	129	70
of which plan assets			(18)	(17)

<sup>(1) (</sup>Gain)/expense for the period comprises current service cost, interest expense on the obligation, and the expected return on plan assets.

The discount rates used to calculate provisions for lump-sum retirement benefits and pensions, and sensitivity analyses, are presented below:

+20

+19

(19)

(18)

Lump-sum retirement benefits	Discount rate	Impact of a 50 bp movement (1)		
•	IBoxx € Corporate A10	50bp decrease (€m)	50bp increase (€m)	
12/31/2019	0.9221%	+15	(14)	
06/30/2020	1.2901%	+15	(14)	
Pensions	Discount rate	Impact of a 20 bp	movement (1)	
	Depending on the country	20bp decrease (€m)	20bp increase (€m)	

<sup>(1)</sup> The impacts of any movement in discount rates would be recognized in the statement of recognized income and expense.

#### NOTE 14. PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE RATES USED FOR TRANSLATION PURPOSES

0.20% to 3.10%

0.30% to 2.75%

Convention: 1 euro = x local currency units

12/31/2019

06/30/2020

Europe	Currency unit	Exchange rate at 06/30/2020	Average exchange rate for H1 2020	Exchange rate at 06/30/2019	Average exchange rate for H1 2019
Europe					
Croatia	Croatian kuna	7.5463	7.5307	7.4055	7.4216
Denmark	Danish krone	7.4556	7.4657	7.4672	7.465
United Kingdom	Pound sterling	0.9003	0.8724	0.8940	0.8723
Hungary	Forint	345.9400	344.6732	322.3100	320.1501
Poland	Zloty	4.4647	4.4065	4.2592	4.2943
Czech Republic	Czech koruna	26.6890	26.2965	25.609	25.6933
Switzerland	Swiss franc	1.0667	1.0641	1.1175	1.1306
North America					
United States	US dollar	1.1222	1.1008	1.1187	1.1296
Canada	Canadian dollar	1.5218	1.5013	1.5016	1.5077
Other					
Australia	Australian dollar	1.6356	1.6807	1.6349	1.598
Morocco	Dirham	10.8582	10.7614	10.7845	10.8478
Thailand	Baht	34.9280	34.8278	35.0430	35.7683

<sup>(2)</sup> Relates mainly to the impact of changes in discount rates on post-employment benefits, resulting in the recognition of net actuarial losses of €29m in the first half of 2020 (see the consolidated statement of recognized income and expense). The net actuarial losses break down as follows:

<sup>-</sup> actuarial losses on provisions for lump-sum retirement benefits: €9m.

<sup>-</sup> actuarial gains on pensions: €38m, comprising a €42m gain on provisions and a €4m loss on assets recognized for overfunded pension plans.



5. Statutory Auditors' report on the half-year financial information

#### PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

63, rue de Villiers 92208 Neuilly-sur-Seine France

#### MAZARS

Tour Exaltis - 61, rue Henri Regnault 92075, Paris La Défense France

COLAS SA 1, rue du Colonel Pierre Avia 75015 Paris

Statutory auditors' review report on the condensed interim financial information

Period from January 1 to June 30, 2020

This is a free translation into English of the statutory auditors' review report on the half-yearly consolidated financial statements issued in French and is provided solely for the convenience of English-speaking users. This report includes information relating to the specific verification of information given in the Group's interim management report. This report should be read in conjunction with and construed in accordance with French law and professional standards applicable in France.

To the Shareholders,

In compliance with the assignment entrusted to us by your Annual General Meeting and in accordance with the requirements of article L.451-1-2 III of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier), we hereby report to you on:

- the review of the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Colas SA, for the period from January 1 to June 30, 2020;
- the verification of the information contained in the interim management report.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared under the responsibility of the Board of Directors on August 25, 2020, on the basis of the information available at that date and in the evolving context of the Covid-19 crisis and of difficulties in assessing its impacts and future prospects. Our role is to express a conclusion on these financial statements based on our review.

#### I - Conclusion on the financial statements

We conducted our review in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### COLAS SA

#### Statutory auditors' review report on the interim financial information Période du 1er janvier au 30 septembre 201820

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with standard IAS 34 of the IFRSs as adopted by the European Union applicable to interim financial information.

#### II - Specific verification

We have also verified the information given in the interim management report prepared on August 25, 2020 on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements that were subject to our review.

We have no matters to report as to its fair presentation and consistency with the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Neuilly-sur-Seine and Paris La Défense on August 25, 2020

The Statutory Auditors French original signed by

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

**MAZARS** 

**Edouard Sattler** 

Amélie Jeudi de Grissac Daniel Escudeiro

Gilles Rainaut

Partner

Partner

Partner

Partner



# 6. Certification by the person assuming responsibility for the half-year activity report

I certify that to the best of my knowledge the condensed financial statements for the half-year included in this document have been prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and present a true picture of the assets, financial situation and results of all the companies included within the scope of consolidation, and that the enclosed half-year activity report is a true reflection of the important events arising in the first six months of the financial year and their impact on the annual financial statements, a statement of the principal transactions between related parties as well as a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the financial year.

Paris, August 27, 2020

Frédéric GARDÈS

Chief Executive Officer



#### Glossary

**Order backlog:** the amount of work still to be done on projects for which a firm order has been taken, i.e. the contract has been signed and has taken effect (after notice to proceed has been issued and suspensory clauses have been lifted).

#### Changes in revenue at constant scope and exchange rates:

- at constant exchange rates: change after translating foreign-currency sales for the current period at the exchange rates for the comparative period;
- at constant scope: change in revenue for the periods compared, adjusted as follows:
  - for acquisitions, by deducting from the current period those sales of the acquired entity that have no equivalent during the comparative period;
  - for divestments, by deducting from the comparative period those sales of the divested entity that have no equivalent during the current period.

**Net surplus cash/(net debt):** the aggregate of cash and cash equivalents, overdrafts and short-term bank borrowings, non-current and current debt, and financial instruments. Net surplus cash/(net debt) does not include non-current and current lease obligations. A positive figure represents net surplus cash and a negative figure represents net debt.